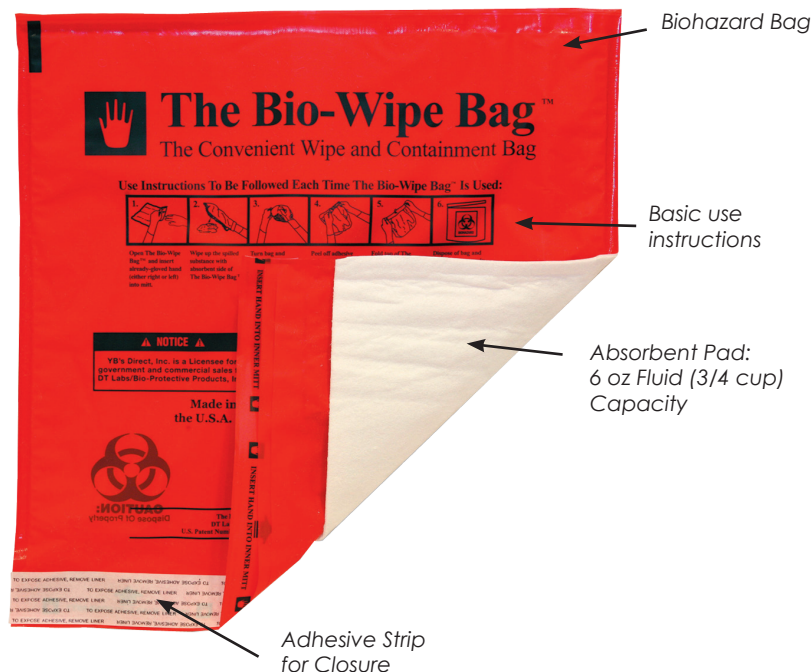


Bio-Wipe Bag Usage Instructions

The Bio-Wipe Bag:



Usage Instructions:

1. Don medical grade exam gloves on both hands. Insert gloved hand into the built-in ambidextrous mitt inside the Bio-Wipe Bag.
2. Wipe up the substance with the white absorbent side of the bag.
3. Pull the bag (absorbed with the substance) inside out. Disinfect the surface with a hospital grade disinfectant according to the product's label instructions. Place the used disinfectant wipe or paper towel inside the bag. Remove gloves properly by turning them inside out, and place them inside the bag.
4. Peel the white adhesive strip off the red bag. Seal and dispose of in a properly labeled biohazardous waste container, then wash hands with soap, or use hand sanitizer.

Note: Do not use for containment of needles or other sharps.

See back for relevant OSHA regulations



OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1030

Bloodborne Pathogens Standard

The OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard was created to protect workers against infection from HIV, Hepatitis and other pathogens which are transmitted via blood, vomit, urine, saliva, semen, or other bodily fluids.

Below are sections of this Standard which are relevant to the cleanup of biohazardous spills.

1910.1030(e)(2)(ii)(K)

All spills shall be immediately contained and cleaned up by appropriate professional staff or others properly trained and equipped to work with potentially concentrated infectious materials.

1910.1030(d)(4)(ii)(A)

Contaminated work surfaces shall be decontaminated with an appropriate disinfectant after completion of procedures; immediately or as soon as feasible when surfaces are overtly contaminated or after any spill of blood or other potentially infectious materials; and at the end of the work shift if the surface may have become contaminated since the last cleaning.

1910.1030(d)(3)(vii)

All personal protective equipment shall be removed prior to leaving the work area.

1910.1030(d)(2)(vi)

Employers shall ensure that employees wash hands and any other skin with soap and water, or flush mucous membranes with water immediately or as soon as feasible following contact of such body areas with blood or other potentially infectious materials.

See www.osha.gov for the full text of the Bloodborne Pathogens Standard.